

# **VPI Immingham OCGT Project**

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# The Immingham Open Cycle Gas Turbine Order

Land at and in the vicinity of the existing VPI Immingham Power Station, South Killingholme, North Lincolnshire, DN40 3DZ

# The Applicant's Written Submission of Oral Case – DCO Hearing 2

# **Examination Deadline 5**



**Applicant: VPI Immingham B Ltd** 

**Date: December 2019** 



# **DOCUMENT HISTORY**

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# **GLOSSARY**

Abbreviation	Description
Abbreviation	Description
Access	Work No. 2 – access works comprising access to the OCGT
	Power Station Site and access to Work Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6;
Access Site	The land required for Work No.2.
AGI	Above Ground Installation – installations used to support the safe and efficient operation of the pipeline; above ground installations are needed at the start and end of a gas pipeline and at intervals along the route.
Applicant	VPI Immingham B Ltd
Application	The Application for a Development Consent Order made to the Secretary of State under Section 37 of the Planning Act 2008 in respect of the Proposed Development, required pursuant to Section 31 of the Planning Act 2008 because the Proposed Development is a Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project under Section 14(1)(a) and Section 15 of the Planning Act 2008 by virtue of being an onshore generating station in England of more than 50 Megawatts electrical capacity.
Application	The documents that make up the Application (as defined above).
Documents	
CHP	Combined Heat and Power – A technology that puts to use the residual heat of the combustion process after generation of electricity that would otherwise be lost to the environment.
СТМР	Construction Traffic Management Plan – a plan outlining measures to organise and control vehicular movement on a construction site so that vehicles and pedestrians using site routes can move around safely.
CWTP	Construction Workers Travel Plan – a plan managing and promoting how construction workers travel to a particular area or organisation. It aims at promoting greener, cleaner travel choices and reducing reliance on the private car.
dB	decibel
DCO	A Development Consent Order made by the relevant Secretary of State pursuant to The Planning Act 2008 to authorise a Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project. A DCO can incorporate or remove the need for a range of consents which would otherwise be required for a development. A DCO can also include powers of



Abbreviation	Description
Appreviation	compulsory acquisition.
EA	Environment Agency – a non-departmental public body sponsored
LA	by the United Kingdom government's Department for
	Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA), with
	responsibilities relating to the protection and enhancement of the
	environment in England.
EH	English Heritage – (now Historic England) – a non-departmental
	public body of the British Government responsible for heritage
	protection and management of a range of historic properties.
EHO	Environmental Health Officer – practitioners responsible for
ENO	
	carrying out measures for protecting public health, including
	administering and enforcing legislation related to environmental
ГІА	health.
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment – a term used for the
	assessment of environmental consequences (positive or negative)
	of a plan, policy, program or project prior to the decision to move
Flactical	forward with the proposed action.
Electrical	The land required for Work No.5.
Connection Site	<u> </u>
ES	Environmental Statement – a report in which the process and
	results of an Environmental Impact Assessment are documented.
Existing AGI	The exiting AGI within the Existing VPI CHP Site.
Existing AGI Site	The land comprising the exiting AGI within the Existing VPI CHP
	Site.
Existing Gas	An existing underground gas pipeline owned by VPI LLP
Pipeline	connecting the Existing AGI Site to an existing tie in the National
	Grid (NG) Feeder No.9 located to the west of South Killingholme.
Existing Gas	The land comprising the Existing Gas Pipeline and a stand-off
Pipeline Site	either side of it.
Existing VPI CHP	The existing VPI Immingham Power Station. This facility is a gas-
Plant	fired combined heat and power ('CHP') plant near Immingham
	providing steam and electricity to the neighbouring refineries and
	electricity to the National Grid.
Existing VPI CHP	The land comprising the Existing VPI CHP Plant, located
Plant Site	immediately to the south of the Main OCGT Power Station Site.
Flood Zone 1	Land with an Annual Exceedance Probability of less than 0.1%
	risk from fluvial flooding.
Flood Zone 2	Land with an Annual Exceedance Probability of between 0.1%
	and 1% risk from fluvial flooding.
Flood Zone 3a	Land having a 1 in 100 or greater annual probability of river
	flooding or land having a 1 in 200 or greater annual probability of
	sea flooding.
Flood Zone 3b	An area defined as the functional floodplain, that the area where
	water has to flow or be stored in the event of a flood. Land which
	would flood with a 1 in 20 (5%) annual probability or greater in any
	year, or is designed to flood in a 0.1% event should provide the
	starting point for designation of Flood Zone 3b.
FRA	Flood Risk Assessment – the formal assessment of flood risk
	issues relating to the Proposed Development. The findings are
	presented in an appendix to the Environmental Statement.



Abbreviation	Description
Gas Connection	Work No. 4 – the new underground and overground gas pipeline
Gas Connection Site	The land required for Work No.5.
GCN	Great Crested Newts
GW	Gigawatts – unit of power.
HA	Highways Agency (now known as Highways England) –
117.	government owned company responsible for managing the
	strategic road network in England.
ha	Hectare – unit of measurement.
HE	Historic England – an executive non-departmental body of the
	British Government tasked with protecting the historical
	environment of England.
HRA	Habitats Regulations Assessment – the assessment of the
	impacts of implementing a plan or policy on a Natura 2000 site.
km	Kilometre – unit of distance.
Local Nature	A non-statutory site of local importance for wildlife, geology,
Reserve or LNR	education or public enjoyment.
LPA	Local Planning Authority
LSE	Likely significant effect, a term used in the ES to describe when
	effects on a receptor are predicted to be significant
LVIA	Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment
Lw	Sound Power Level
LWS	Local Wildlife Site
m	Metres – unit of distance.
MW	Megawatts – unit of energy.
NATA	New Approach to Appraisal
NEILDB	North East Lincolnshire Local Drainage Board
NELC	North East Lincolnshire Council
NG	National Grid
NGG	National Grid Gas plc
NGET	National Grid Electricity Transmission plc
NLC	North Lincolnshire Council
NPPF	The National Planning Policy Framework – Policy Framework
	which was introduced in March 2012 and updated in July 2018.
	The NPPF is part of the Government's reform of the planning
	system intended to make it less complex, to protect the
	environment and to promote sustainable growth. It does not
	contain any specific policies on Nationally Significant
	Infrastructure Projects but its policies may be taken into account
	in decisions on DCOs if the Secretary of State considers them to
	be both important and relevant.
NPS	National Policy Statements – statements produced by
	Government under the Planning Act 2008 providing the policy
	framework for Nationally Significant Infrastructure Projects. They
	include the Government's view of the need for and objectives for
	the development of Nationally Significant Infrastructure Projects in
	a particular sector such as energy and are the primary matter
	against which applications for NSIPs are determined.
NSER	No Significant Effects Report – for the Habitats Regulations
	Assessment (HRA).



Abbreviation	Description
NSIP	Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project – Defined by the
11011	Planning Act 2008 and including projects relating to energy
	(including generating stations, electric lines and pipelines);
	transport (including trunk roads and motorways, airports, harbour
	facilities, railways and rail freight interchanges); water (dams and
	reservoirs, and the transfer of water resources); waste water treatment plants and hazardous waste facilities. These projects
	are only defined as nationally significant if they satisfy a statutory
	threshold in terms of their scale or effect. The Proposed
	Development is a NSIP.
NSRs	Noise Sensitive Receptors – locations or areas where dwelling
NOINS	units or other fixed, developed sites of frequent human use occur.
NTS	
INIO	Non-Technical Summary – this document is a summary of the
	Environmental Statement written in non-technical language for ease of understanding.
OCGT	
OCGT	Open Cycle Gas Turbine – a combustion turbine plant fired by gas
OCCT Dower	or liquid fuel to turn a generator rotor that produces electricity.
OCGT Power Station	Work No. 1 – an OCGT power station with a gross capacity of up to 299MW.
OCGT Power	
	The land required for Work No.1.
Station Site Order	Immingham Onen Cyale Coe Turbine Order
	Immingham Open Cycle Gas Turbine Order
Order land	The area over which powers of compulsory acquisition or
	temporary possession are sought in the DCO, shown on the Land
Order limits	Plans. The Order land is the same area as the Project Land.
Order limits	The area in which consent to carry out works is sought in the
	DCO, the area is split into different Work Numbers which are set out Schedule 1 to the DCO and shown on the Works Plans. The
	Order limits is the same area as the Site.
PA 2008	Planning Act 2008. An Act which provides the need for and the
1 A 2000	powers to apply for and grant development consent orders
	('DCO') for nationally significant infrastructure projects ('NSIP').
PEA	Preliminary Ecological Appraisal (PEA Report – report
	establishing baseline conditions and evaluating the importance of
	any ecological features present.
PEI	Preliminary Environmental Information – an initial statement of the
	main environmental information available for the study area.
PEIR	Preliminary Environmental Information Report – a report outlining
I EIIX	the preliminary environmental information and which is published
	during the pre-application consultation on a NSIP.
PHE	Public Health England – an executive agency, sponsored by the
	Department of Health, to protect and improve the nation's health
	and wellbeing and reduce health inequalities.
PINS	Planning Inspectorate – executive agency of the Ministry of
	Housing, Communities and Local Government of the United
	Kingdom Government. It is responsible for examining applications
	for NSIPs, and reporting to the Secretary of State who makes a
	final decision on such applications.
PPG	Planning Practice Guidance – guidance expanding upon and
	supporting the NPPF.
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Abbreviation	Description
	Description The land required for the Proposed Development (the Site) and
Project Land	The land required for the Proposed Development (the Site) and
	the land comprising the Existing Gas Pipeline Site. The Project
Dropood	Land is the same as the 'Order land' (in the DCO).
Proposed	The construction, operation and maintenance of a new gas-fired
Development	electricity generating station with a gross output capacity of up to
	299 MW, including electrical and gas supply connections, and
DD 111	other associated development.
PRoW	Public Right of Way
SAC	Special Area of Conservation – High quality conservation sites
	that are protected under the European Habitats Directive, due to
	their contribution to conserving those habitat types that are
21.17.27.2	considered to be most in need of conservation.
SHBSES	South Humber Bank Strategic Employment Site
SINC	Site of Nature Conservation Interest
Site	The land required for the Proposed Development, and which is
	the same as the 'Order limits' (in the DCO).
SoCC	Statement of Community Consultation
SoS	The Secretary of State – the decision maker for DCO applications
	and head of a Government department. In this case the SoS for
	the Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy
	(formerly the Department for Energy and Climate Change).
SPA	Special Protection Area – strictly protected sites classified in
	accordance with Article 4 of the EC Birds Directive. Special
	Protection Areas are Natura 2000 sites which are internationally
	important sites for the protection of threatened habitats and
	species.
SSSI	Site of Specific Scientific Interest – nationally designated Sites of
	Special Scientific Interest, an area designated for protection under
	the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended), due to its
	value as a wildlife and/or geological site.
SUDS	Sustainable Urban Drainage System
SWMP	Site Waste Management Plan (SWMP)
TA	Transport Assessment
TCPA 1990	Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) – the Act that
	regulates the majority of development of land in England and
	Wales, but which is not directly applicable to this proposed
	development as it is a NSIP, regulated by the Planning Act 2008.
Temporary	Work No. 3 – temporary construction and laydown areas
Construction and	comprising hard standing, laydown and open storage areas,
Laydown	contractor compounds and staff welfare facilities, vehicle parking,
	roadways and haul routes, security fencing and gates,
	gatehouses, external lighting and lighting columns. There are
	three construction and laydown areas included in the Application.
Temporary	Land Required for Work No. 3.
Construction and	·
Laydown Site	
TLOR	Total Lindsey Oil Refinery
UAEL	Unacceptable Observed Effect Level
Utilities and Services	Work No 6 – utilities and services connections to the OCGT
Connections	Power Station.
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Abbreviation	Description
Utilities and Services	The land required for Work No.6 – the land required for the
Connections Site	utilities and services connections to the OCGT Power Station.
Vitol	Vitol Group – the owner of VPI LLP and VPIB.
VPIB	VPI Immingham B Limited – the Applicant
VPI EPA	VPI Energy Park A – the land proposed for the development of a 49.9 MW gas-fired power station that benefits from planning permission granted by NLC in 2018 (Reference: PA/2018/918).
VPI LLP	VPI Immingham LLP – the owner and operator of the Existing VPI CHP Plant.
WCA	The Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 – legislation for the protection of animals, plants and certain habitats in the UK.
WHO	World Health Organisation
Work No.1	An OCGT power station (the 'OCGT Power Station') with a gross capacity of up to 299MW.
Work No.2	Access works (the 'Access Site'), comprising access to the Main OCGT Power Station Site and access to Work Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6.
Work No.3	Temporary construction and laydown area (the 'Temporary Construction and Laydown) comprising hard standing, laydown and open storage areas, contractor compounds and staff welfare facilities, vehicle parking, roadways and haul routes, security fencing and gates, gatehouses, external lighting and lighting columns;
Work No.4	An underground and overground gas pipeline (the 'Gas Connection) of up to 600 mm (nominal internal diameter) for the transport of natural gas to Work No. 1.
Work No.5	An electrical connection (the 'Electrical Connection') of up to 400 kilovolts and control systems.
Work No.6	Utilities and services connections (the 'Utilities and Services Connections').
WSI	Written Scheme of Investigation – a method statement or a project design to cover a suite of archaeological works for a site.



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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Overview

- 1.1.1 This report has been prepared on behalf of VPI Immingham B Ltd ('VPIB' or the 'Applicant'). It forms part of the application (the 'Application') for a Development Consent Order (a 'DCO') submitted to the Secretary of State (the 'SoS') for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy under section 37 of the Planning Act 2008' (the 'PA 2008').
- 1.1.2 VPIB is seeking development consent for the construction, operation and maintenance of a new gas-fired electricity generating station with a gross output capacity of up to 299 megawatts ('MW'), including electrical and gas supply connections, and other associated development (the 'Proposed Development'). The Proposed Development is located primarily on land (the 'Site') to the north of the existing VPI Immingham Power Station, Rosper Road, South Killingholme, North Lincolnshire, DN40 3DZ.
- 1.1.3 A DCO is required for the Proposed Development as it falls within the definition and thresholds for a 'Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project' (a 'NSIP') under section 14(1)(a) and sections 15(1) and 15(2) of the PA 2008. The DCO, if made by the SoS, would be known as the 'The Immingham Open Cycle Gas Turbine Order' (the 'Order').

#### 1.2 VPI

- 1.2.1 VPI Immingham LLP ('VPI LLP') owns and operates the existing VPI Immingham Power Station, one of the largest combined heat and power ('CHP') plants in Europe, capable of generating 1,240 MW (about 2.5% of UK peak electricity demand) and up to 930 tonnes of steam per hour (hereafter referred to as the 'Existing VPI CHP Plant'). The steam is used by nearby oil refineries to turn crude oil into products, such as gasoline. The land comprising the Existing VPI CHP Plant is hereafter referred to as the 'Existing VPI CHP Plant Site'.
- 1.2.2 VPI LLP is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Vitol Group ('Vitol'), founded in 1966 in Rotterdam, the Netherlands. Since then Vitol has grown significantly to become a major participant in world commodity markets and is now the world's largest independent energy trader. Its trading portfolio includes crude oil, oil products, liquid petroleum gas, liquid natural gas, natural gas, coal, electricity, agricultural products, metals and carbon emissions. Vitol trades with all the major national oil companies, the integrated oil majors and independent refiners and traders. For further information on VPI LLP and Vitol please visit:

### https://www.vpi-i.com/

1.2.3 VPIB has been formed as a separate entity for the purposes of developing and operating the Proposed Development.

#### 1.3 The Site

1.3.1 The Site is primarily located on land immediately to the north of the Existing VPI CHP Plant Site, as previously stated. Immingham Dock is located approximately 1.5 kilometres ('km') to the south east of the Site at its closest point. The Humber



ports facility is located approximately 500 metres ('m') north and the Humber Refinery is located approximately 500m to the south.

- 1.3.2 The villages of South Killingholme and North Killingholme are located approximately 1.4 km and 1.6 km to the west of the Site respectively, and the town of Immingham is located approximately 1.8 km to the south east. The nearest residential property comprises a single house off Marsh Lane, located approximately 325 m to the east of the Site.
- 1.3.3 The Site comprises the following main parts:
  - OCGT Power Station Site:
  - Access Site;
  - Temporary Construction and Laydown Site;
  - Gas Connection Site;
  - Electrical Connection Site; and
  - Utilities and Services Connections Site.
- 1.3.4 The Site is located entirely within the boundary of the administrative area of North Lincolnshire Council ('NLC'), a unitary authority. The different parts of the Site are illustrated in the Works Plans (Application Document Ref: 4.3).
- 1.3.5 The Site has been selected by the Applicant for the Proposed Development, as opposed to other potentially available sites, for the following reasons:
  - it comprises primarily of previously developed or disturbed land, including land within the operational envelope of the Existing VPI CHP Plant Site;
  - it is situated in an industrial setting with few immediate receptors and is not particularly sensitive from an environmental perspective;
  - it is primarily located adjacent to the Existing VPI CHP Plant, which provides visual screening and synergies in terms of the existing workforce, and utilities and service connections:
  - it benefits from excellent grid connections (gas and electricity) on the Existing VPI CHP Plant Site; and
  - it benefits from existing highway accesses onto Rosper Road, with the latter providing a direct connection (via a short section of Humber Road) to the Strategic Highway Network (A160) a short distance to the south of the Site.
- 1.3.6 A more detailed description of the Site is provided in Environmental Statement ('ES') Volume 1 Chapter 3 'Site Description' (Application Document Ref: 6.2.3).

#### 1.4 The Existing Gas Pipeline

1.4.1 In addition to the Site, the Application includes provision for the use of an existing gas pipeline (the 'Existing Gas Pipeline') to provide fuel to the Proposed Development. The Existing Gas Pipeline was originally constructed in 2003 to



provide fuel to the Existing VPI CHP Plant. The route of the pipeline runs from a connection point at an above ground installation (the 'Existing AGI Site') within the Existing VPI CHP Plant Site to a tie in point at the existing National Grid ('NG') Feeder No.9 pipeline located to the west of South Killingholme.

- 1.4.2 A small part of the Existing Gas Pipeline Site lies within the administrative area of North East Lincolnshire District Council ('NELC'), the neighbouring local authority.
- 1.4.3 The Applicant is not seeking consent to carry out any works to the Existing Gas Pipeline and, as a result, it does not form part of the Site or Proposed Development. It is included in the Application on the basis that the Applicant is seeking rights to use and maintain the pipeline and it is therefore included within the DCO 'Order land' (the area over which powers of compulsory acquisition or temporary possession are sought). The area of land covered by the Existing Gas Pipeline, including a 13 m stand-off either side of it to provide for access and any future maintenance requirements, is hereafter referred to as the 'Existing Gas Pipeline Site'.
- 1.4.4 The Site and the Existing Gas Pipeline Site are collectively referred to as the 'Project Land'. The area covered by the Project land is illustrated in the Location Plan (Application Document Ref: 4.1).
- 1.4.5 The Existing Gas Pipeline has not been assessed as part of the Environmental Impact Assessment ('EIA') carried out in respect of the Application. This is on the basis that it is a pre-existing pipeline and the Applicant is not seeking consent to carry out any works to it. Further explanation in respect of this matter is provided in ES Volume 1, Chapter 1 'Introduction' and Chapter 3 'Site Description' (Application Document Refs: 6.2.1 and 6.2.3).

#### 1.5 The Proposed Development

- 1.5.1 The main components of the Proposed Development are summarised below, as set out in the draft DCO (Application Document Ref: 2.1):
  - Work No. 1 an OCGT power station (the 'OCGT Power Station') with a gross capacity of up to 299MW;
  - Work No. 2 access works (the 'Access'), comprising access to the OCGT Power Station Site and access to Work Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6;
  - Work No. 3 temporary construction and laydown area ('Temporary Construction and Laydown') comprising hard standing, laydown and open storage areas, contractor compounds and staff welfare facilities, vehicle parking, roadways and haul routes, security fencing and gates, gatehouses, external lighting and lighting columns;
  - Work No. 4 gas supply connection works (the 'Gas Connection') comprising an underground and/or overground gas pipeline of up to 600 millimetres (nominal internal diameter) and approximately 800 m in length for the transport of natural gas from the Existing Gas Pipeline to Work No. 1;
  - Work No. 5 an electrical connection (the 'Electrical Connection') of up to 400 kilovolts and associated controls systems; and



- Work No 6 utilities and services connections (the 'Utilities and Services Connections').
- 1.5.2 It is anticipated that subject to the DCO having been made by the SoS and a final investment decision by VPIB, construction work on the Proposed Development would commence in early 2021. The overall construction programme is expected to last approximately 21 months and is anticipated to be completed in late 2022, with the Proposed Development entering commercial operation later that year or early the following year.
- 1.5.3 A more detailed description of the Proposed Development is provided at Schedule 1 'Authorised Development' of the draft DCO (Application Document Ref: 2.1) and ES Volume 1, Chapter 4 'The Proposed Development' (Application Document Ref: 6.2.4).
- 1.5.4 The areas within which each of the main components of the Proposed Development are to be built are shown by the coloured and hatched areas on the Works Plans (Application Document Ref: 4.3).

#### 1.6 The purpose and structure of this document

1.6.1 This document provides a written summary of the Applicant's oral case at the DCO Hearing held at 2pm on 4 December 2019. This document has been submitted for Deadline 5 of the Examination (12 December 2019).



#### 2. WRITTEN SUMMARY OF APPLICANT'S ORAL CASE

## 2.1 Introductory Remarks

- 2.1.1 The DCO Hearing was held at 2pm on 4 December 2019 at The Ashbourne Hotel, Vicarage Lane, North Killingholme, North Lincolnshire, DN40 3JL.
- 2.1.2 The main purpose of the DCO Hearing was to enable the ExA to inquire further into certain matters in relation to the Applicant's draft DCO.
- 2.1.3 The DCO Hearing took the form of running through the Examining Authority's ('ExA') agenda published on 26 November 2019.

## 2.2 The Applicant (participants)

## 2.2.1 The Applicant:

- Marvin Seaman, VPI
- Nick McDonald, Pinsent Masons



# 2.3 Applicant's Summary of Oral Case

## Table 2.3 – Applicant's Summary of Oral Case

	AGENDA	SUMMARY OF ORAL CASE
1.	Welcome, introductions and arrangements for the Hearing	n/a
2.	Main Discussion Points	n/a
	Protective Provisions	In response to a question from the Examining Authority the Applicant confirmed that a revised draft DCO would be submitted at Deadline 5 which would include updates to the Protective Provisions. In some cases the updates to the Protective Provisions would not be in agreed form, depending on the status of negotiations with each party. The Applicant also confirmed that there were some Interested Parties who are seeking Protective Provisions not currently included in the dDCO - wherever possible these additional Protective Provisions will be included in the revised dDCO to be submitted at Deadline 6.
	Articles 27 & 28 NPA 2017	The Applicant confirmed that the relevant provisions of the Neighbourhood Planning Act 2017 (NPA) were not yet in force and also confirmed that the provisions of Articles 27 and 28 were similar to those included in other (made) DCOs, including those made very recently such as the Abergelli Power Gas Fired Generating Station Order 2019.  In response to a question from the Examining Authority which asked the Applicant to justify not aligning the Articles with the NPA provisions, the Applicant noted that it had previously addressed this in response to First Written Question 1.3.6 (Document Ref. 7.2), and those submissions were not repeated.  The Applicant confirmed that in terms of aligning the Articles more closely with the NPA, it was
		content to make two of the three changes noted in Written Question 1.3.6: (1) the notice period would be not less than 3 months, as per the NPA and (2) any notices served under the two articles would be required to specify the proposed period of occupation.



	With regard to the other NPA provisions and in particular those concerning a land owner's ability to serve a counter notice requiring acquisition of the land, the Applicant confirmed that it considered that the proposed use of the temporary possession powers could be inconsistent with provision of that nature. The Applicant noted that the temporary possession powers relate to specific areas of land, but like other DCOs are drafted so as to also apply to all of the Order Land. This is to allow a flexible and proportionate approach to the land interests that are acquired by the undertaker.  The undertaker would design the scheme, achieving a certain level of detail, and then go onto the land (under the temporary possession powers), carry out further surveys and works, with that process fixing the final position of apparatus. The powers within the dDCO allow the Applicant to take temporary possession to carry out the works in this way, upon completion of which the Applicant would identify the land required permanently (i.e. the easement area) and which it would then acquire permanent rights over. If the NPA counter-notice provisions applied these would cut
	through this flexibility, and force the applicant to take a permanent interest in land at an earlier stage, before the works were completed. This would almost inevitably mean that the acquisition area would be defined by a broader works area, rather than relating to the actual area over which a permanent easement was needed. The Applicant confirmed that these practical issues with applying the NPA counter-notice provisions would result in an unsatisfactory position, for both the Applicant and any relevant landowner.
	The Applicant is therefore of the view that the DCO should provide that the NPA does not apply, as is currently drafted.
Requirement 19	The Applicant confirmed that it would amend paragraph 3 of Requirement 19 to refer to +3db, as requested by North Lincolnshire Council ( <b>NLC</b> ). The Applicant also confirmed that it would delete previous paragraph (4) which was now otiose given the agreed amendment to paragraph 3.
	The Applicant also confirmed that an updated SoCG had been issued to NLC to reflect the proposed changes to Requirement 19 and that these changes would be included by the Applicant in the dDCO to be submitted at Deadline 5.



	Expectations and Timetable for draft DCO	<ul> <li>In terms of changes to the dDCO at Deadline 5, the Applicant anticipates making the following changes:         <ul> <li>Requirement 19 – see above;</li> <li>Schedule 9 – replacing the word "shall" which is in some of the newly inserted protective provisions;</li> <li>Schedules 9 and 13 – updates to protective provisions where those have already been agreed or where they are agreed or the Applicant proposes changes prior to Deadline 5; and</li> <li>Schedule 11 – updates to the referencing of the documents to be certified, including adding version numbers.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
3.	Opportunity for other parties to ask questions on the draft DCO	n/a
4.	Any other matters	n/a
5.	Close	n/a



# 2.4 Close

2.4.1 The hearing closed at 12.08pm.